## **NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS**



United States Department of Agriculture
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE
NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

PO Box 1809, Las Cruces, NM 88004 Cooperating with the New Mexico Department of Agriculture



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE June 27, 2022

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## CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING JUNE 26, 2022

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: The monsoon stayed strong following last week's jump in precipitation, with beneficial rainfall delivered to widespread areas across New Mexico, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Most western counties received moisture totaling 600 percent or more above normal, with some isolated locations within this area recording rainfall 4 inches above normal. By week's end, soil moisture levels had improved slightly. The moisture increase left many producers guardedly optimistic regarding a reversal of long-term drought, and a return to better crop and pasture growing conditions. The increase in rainfall continued to provide relief to firefighters battling wildfires across the State. Containment of the Calf Canyon and Hermits Peak fire complex jumped to 85 percent by June 26, with growth limited to less than 500 acres during the week. Similarly, growth of the Black Fire was very limited during the week, and containment climbed to 70 percent. Reports from Grant and Luna Counties noted that despite the large boost in weekly moisture, many natural livestock water sources remained in less than adequate condition, forcing ranchers to continue to haul water to livestock. In Union County, comments indicated that range conditions still varied widely, from developing new growth to still dormant grass. Statewide, 71 percent of the pastures and ranges were reported in very poor or poor condition, compared with 72 percent last year and a 5-year average of 55 percent. While decreases were noted when compared with last week, supplemental feeding needs remained high, with 78 percent of the cattle herd and 75 percent of the sheep herd being fed. Topsoil moisture was reported as 90 percent very short to short, compared with 78 percent last year and a 5-year average of 73 percent. Producers worked around rain showers to make steady progress harvesting the first and second cuttings of alfalfa hay, as well as onions and winter wheat for grain during the week. Converted moisture totals during the past week ranged from more than 6 inches in portions of Catron, Cibola, Otero, and Socorro Counties to merely a trace in extreme southeastern New Mexico. Much of Lea County received rainfall totaling less than 5 percent of normal. Since January 1, yearly precipitation for many counties across the State remained below 3 inches, with the driest counties located in southeastern New Mexico, where precipitation has totaled 25 percent of normal or less, affecting large acreages of cotton, dry hay, and haylage, as well as large percentages of the cattle and sheep herds. According to the United States Drought Monitor for June 21, the spread of drought stabilized following last week's boost in moisture. Approximately 90 percent of the State remains in the exceptional (D4) or extreme (D3) drought categories – 52.2 and 38.3 percent, respectively. Severe drought (D2) was categorized across 7.0 percent, and moderate drought (D1) was present across 2.6 percent. No hail damage was reported during the week. Wind damage in all crops was reported as 12 percent light, 8 percent moderate, and 1 percent severe. Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 21 percent very short, 28 percent short, 50 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus, compared with 40 percent very short, 35 percent short, 24 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus last year. Stock water supplies were reported as 40 percent very short, 25 percent short, and 35 percent adequate, compared with 61 percent very short, 10 percent short, 28 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus last year.

## **CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS**

CROT AND EIVESTOCKT ROOKESS					
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Alfalfa hay					
1st cutting harvested	97	90	NA	NA	
2 <sup>nd</sup> cutting harvested	45	30	49	51	
Corn					
Planted	93	91	NA	NA	
Emerged	79	69	90	86	
Cotton					
Emerged	89	70	87	84	
Squaring	8	1	10	13	
Onions					
Harvested	45	40	13	42	
Peanuts					
Emerged	75	62	74	70	
Pegging	4	NA	NA	NA	
Winter wheat					
Harvested for grain	44	36	42	51	
Cattle and calves					
Receiving supplemental feed	78	85	80	NA	
Sheep and lambs	70	00	00	INA	
Receiving supplemental feed	75	81	79	NA	

Receiving supplemental feed.........

NA – not available

(--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION						
	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.3	6.7	6.6	6.5		
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Very short	52	59	50	40		
Short	38	34	28	33		
Adequate	10	7	20	25		
Surplus			2	2		
Subsoil moisture						
Very short	49	55	60	39		
Short	43	40	31	40		
Adequate	8	5	8	20		
Surplus			1	1		

NA – not available (--) – zero

CROP, LIVESTOCK,	PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION
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Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay				
Very poor	1	1		4
Poor	12	8	9	6
Fair	35	38	45	27
Good	40	44	25	54
Excellent	12	9	21	9
Chile				
Very poor	4	4	2	1
Poor	13	13	7	5
Fair	28	30	18	37
Good	42	42	42	45
Excellent	13	11	31	12
Corn				
Very poor	4	4	1	3
Poor	6	6	4	5
Fair	40	47	47	46
Good	10	9	23	27
Excellent	40	34	25	19
otton				
Very poor	5	5	2	2
Poor	16	16	29	15
Fair	53	53	43	49
Good	23	23	17	28
Excellent	3	3	9	6
nions				
Very poor				NA
Poor		1		NA
Fair	18	20	10	NA
Good	82	78	35	NA
Excellent		1	55	NA
asture and range				
Very poor	17	23	39	22
Poor	54	45	33	33
Fair	22	29	18	30
Good		3	8	13
Excellent	1		2	2
eanuts	·		_	_
Very poor	5	5	NA	NA
Poor	7	7	NA	NA
Fair	75	75	NA	NA
Good	13	13	NA NA	NA
Excellent			NA NA	NA NA
ecans			14/1	147
Very poor		1		1
Poor	5	5	2	2
Fair	23	24	5	10
Good	31	30	93	71
Excellent	41	40		16
/inter wheat	71	70		
	55	61	35	NA
Very poor	20	22	24	NA NA
	20 6			NA NA
Fair	6 7	4	25	NA NA
Good	7 12	4 9	5	
Excellent	12	9	11	NA
attle and calves				
attle and calves	2	1	11	2
Very poor	3	4	11	3
Poor	28	25	16	11
Fair	30	35	34	39
Good	23	29	30	39
Excellent	16	7	9	8
heep and lambs			_	
Very poor	5	2	26	9
Poor	18	15	8	8
Fair	34	40	25	33
Good	40	42	41	48
Excellent	3	1		2

Excellent......

NA – not available

(--) – zero