

Case: 6:69-cv-07941-BB

## EXHIBIT

### N

- San Juan Pueblo describing their crop and farming method.
  - Eight Northern Indian Pueblo 1995 Visitors Guide, San Juan Pueblo (Ohkay).

# NORTHERN INDIAN PUEBLOS



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# Ohkay

## WE ARE THE BROTHERS

The Pueblo of San Juan existed in much of its present form during pre-conquistador days, twenty-two years before the Pilgrims landed at Plymouth Rock. It is the largest, most populated and northernmost of the Tewa-speaking Pueblos. About 100 original 700-year-old homes still stand.

In 1598, the colonizing expedition of Juan de Oñate arrived at Ohkay and Yunge, a pueblo across the Rio Grande renamed San Gabriel after it passed into Spanish possession. Intending to stay, these European intruders established the first permanent Spanish settlement in New Mexico proclaiming it the capital of the province.

It was at that time that Ohkay acquired the Spanish name San Juan de los Caballeros or San Juan of the Horsemen (Gentlemen), the complement appended to the village's new Christian name by Oñate.

San Juan is renowned as the birthplace of Popé, the major force behind the Pueblo Revolt which took place in 1680.

In the past, melon, corn and cotton were grown on the highlands east of the village, places now barren. The method of farming was called dry-farming because in those days there was often insufficient rain, and crops failed. Today farming and herding are still very important.

Most of our people live in the Pueblo. Some commute to the cities while others work the land and make craft items. Our modern craftsmen have formed Oke Oweege Arts and Crafts Cooperative, where they make and market a wide variety of goods.



Above: Helping our young people preserve our traditions is one of our major concerns.

Right: Visitors may sample traditional Pueblo food at one of our restaurants.



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# EXHIBIT

## O

- Map of the Rio Grande Valley in the 16<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup> Centuries, figure 5.
- Map enlargement, Province of Yuque-Yunque, figure 5.
  - Irrigation in the Rio Grande Valley, New Mexico: A Study of the Development of Irrigation Systems Before 1945.
  - by Frank E. Wozniak
  - July 15, 1987



Irrigation in the Rio Grande Valley, New Mexico:  
A Study of the Development of Irrigation Systems  
Before 1945

by

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Consulting Historian  
2721 Indian Farm Land N.W.  
Albuquerque, New Mexico

Prepared for  
The New Mexico Historic Preservation Division  
Santa Fe, New Mexico

Under an Intergovernmental Agreement With  
USDI Bureau of Reclamation, Southwest Regional Office,  
Amarillo, Texas

Contract # BOR-87-1

July 15, 1987

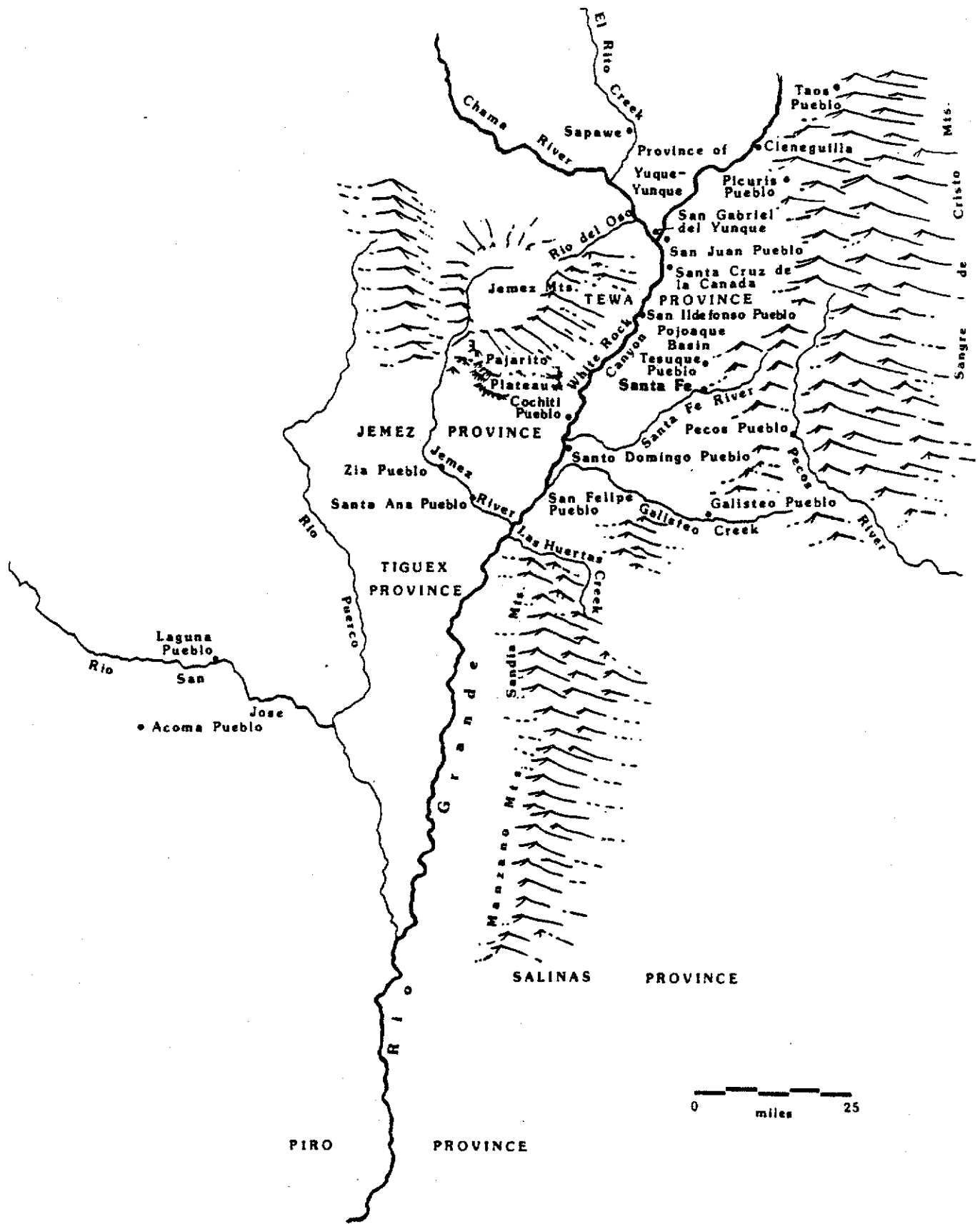
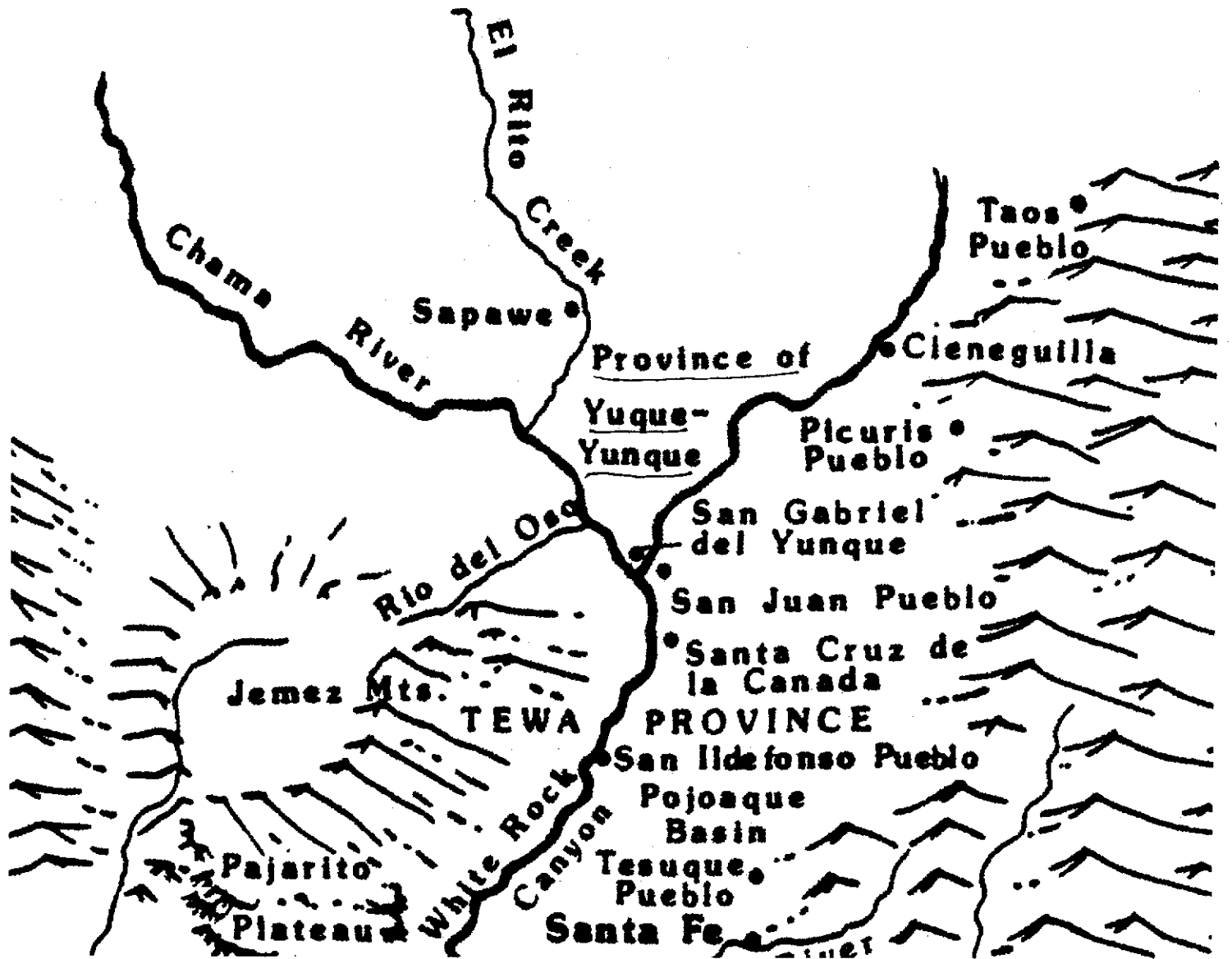


Figure 5. Rio Grande Valley in the 16th and 17th Centuries



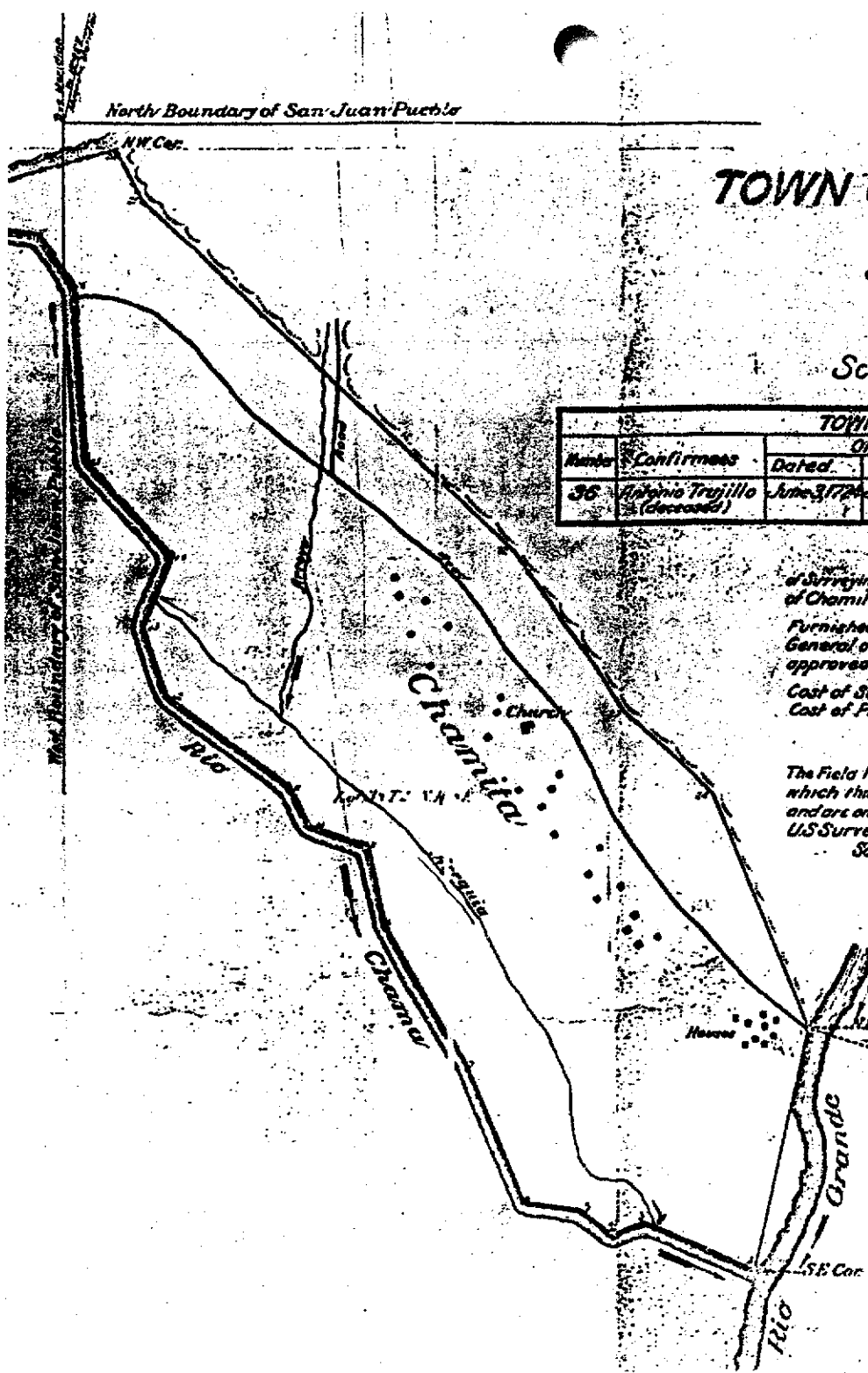
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## EXHIBIT

### P

- MAP: The 1877 Mc Elroy Plat Map of the Town of Chamita Grant.
  - It shows the Presa (water diverted into the Acequia de Chamita) and the Desague (water drainage) into the Rio Chama from the Acequia de Chamita





PLAT  
of the  
**TOWN OF CHAMITA GRANT**

Surveyed by  
**Sawyer & M<sup>r</sup> Elroy**  
U.S. Surveyors  
in March 1877  
Scale: 4 Inches = 1 Mile

TOWN OF CHAMITA GRANT							
Manda	Confirmer	Original Grant			Description		Acres
		Dated	Approved	Confirmed	Lot	Township Range	
36	Alfonso Trujillo (deceased)	June 3, 1876	July 2, 1859	June 21, 1867	38	21 N. 3 E.	1636.2

Account for Cost  
of Surveying and Platting Private Land Claim N<sup>o</sup> 36 Town  
of Chamita Grant.

Furnished the General Land Office by the Surveyor  
General of New Mexico under the act of Congress  
approved July 31, 1876.

Cost of Survey \$ 146.50  
Cost of Platting 52.96  
Total \$ 199.46

The Field Notes of the Survey of the Town of Chamita Grant from  
which this Plat has been made, have been examined and approved  
and are on file in this office.

U.S. Surveyor General's Office  
Santa Fe New Mexico  
June 5, 1877.

Henry M. Atkinson  
Surveyor Gene

**Certificate**

I certify that this plat of the "Town of Chamita"  
is a true and correct copy of the original plat of said grant  
office. This plat has been reproduced on account of  
condition of the original plat of said grant.  
U.S. Surveyor General's Office  
Santa Fe, N. M. January 13, 1913

*[Signature]*  
1913

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## EXHIBIT

### Q

- **Geographic Map: Chamita Acequia Community and its environmental setting**



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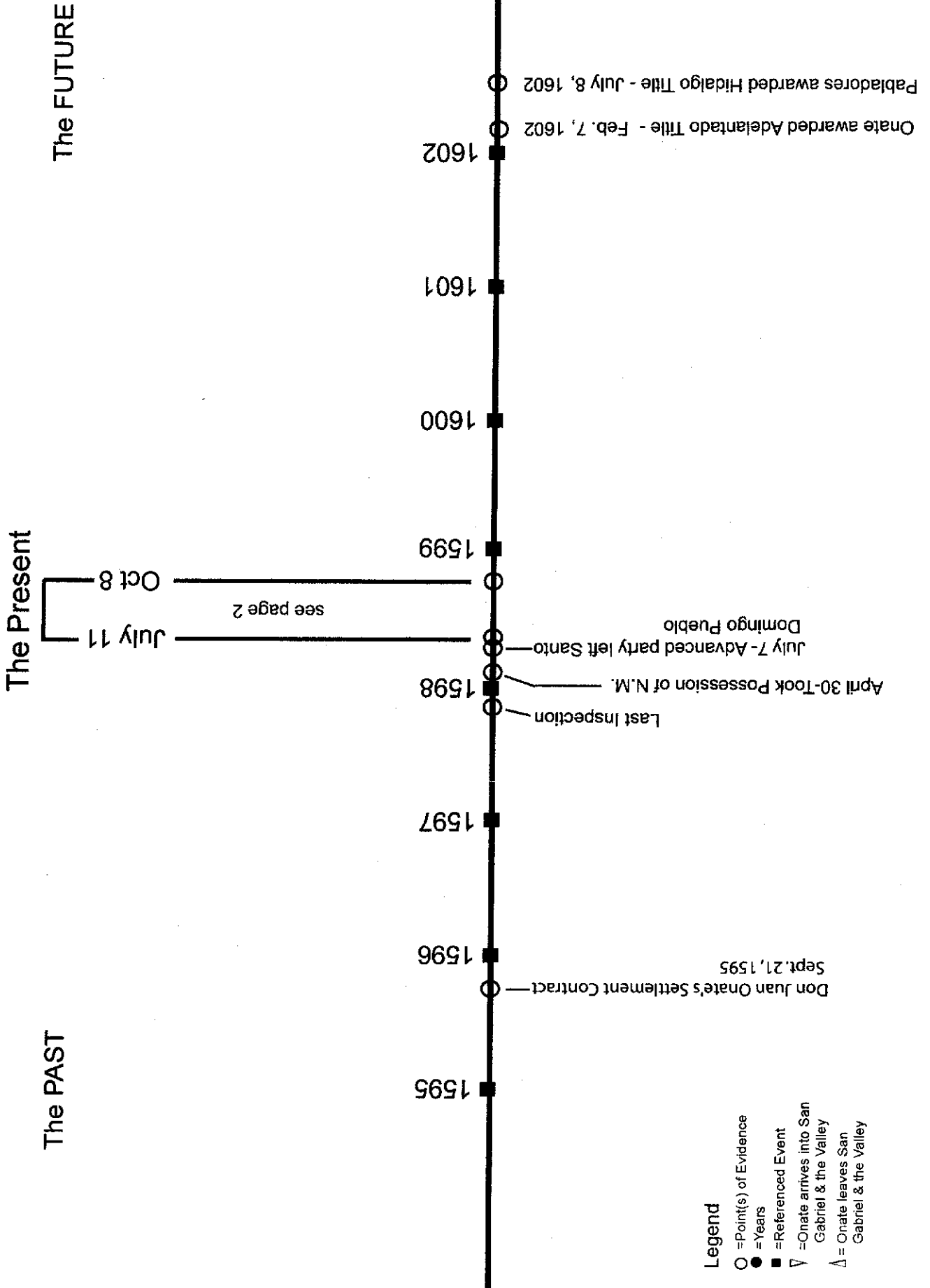
# EXHIBIT

## R

- **Graphs: The Focus of the Point of Evidence that Follows is on the Present (July 11 to Oct 8, 1598)**

# The Focus of the Point of Evidence

that follows is on the Present (July 11 to Oct 8, 1598)



- Legend**
- = Point(s) of Evidence
  - = Years
  - = Referenced Event
  - ▲ = Onate arrives into San Gabriel & the Valley
  - ▼ = Onate leaves San Gabriel & the Valley

The **FOCUS** of the **POINT OF EVIDENCE** that follows is on the **PRESENT** (July 11 to Oct 8 1598)

